

Father of Criminology in Pakistan



Dr. FASIHUDDIN (PSP)
President, Pakistan Society of Criminology,
Editor-in-Chief, *Pakistan Journal of Criminology*,
Patron-in-Chief, Uthmankhel Tribe
Founder, Research Library Peshawar



No. PS/IGP/570/KARACHI
INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE
Sindh, Karachi.
Tele. No. 99212626 - 99212627
Dated 27-03-2019

My Dear Fasihuddin

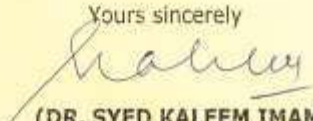
السلام عليكم ورحمة الله وبركاته

Thank you very much for presenting such a nice and informative book titled "**Pakistan Journal of Criminology**". It is really a very great job done by Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Police and Pakistan Society of Criminology.

2. On behalf of Sindh Police, I appreciate the sacrifices rendered by the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Police which is unparalleled in the history of policing to bring the peace in the province.
3. I am positive that your continued support and cooperation would further strength and enable us to fight crime and make lives safer in a befitting manner.

With profound regards.

Yours sincerely


(DR. SYED KALEEM IMAM)
TI, QPM, PPM, UNPM, NSC

Dr. Fasihuddin, PSP
DIGP Training KPK,
Editor-in-Chief (Pakistan Journal of Criminology),
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Peshawar.

1st National Conference at Criminology University of Peshawar 2018



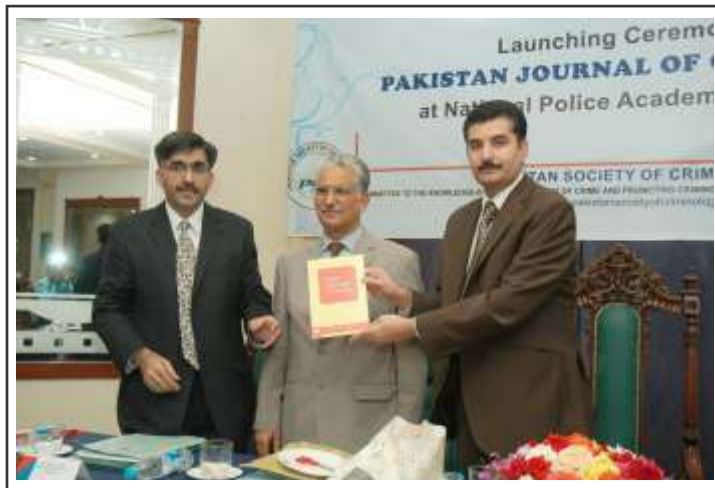
Dr. Fasihuddin (PSP), was presented a shield by Prof Dr Saad Saifur and Prof Dr Jauhar Ali Shah for his services to Criminology at the 1st National Conference of Criminology at the University of Peshawar on 28th Dec, 2018.
Chairman Department of Criminology Dr Bisharud Hussain was also present on the occasion.

1st National Conference at Criminology University of Peshawar 2018



Group Photo... Speakers and Participants at the 1st National Conference on Criminology at the University of Peshawar, 26th-28th December, 2018. Dr. Fasihuddin (PSP), President Pakistan Society of Criminology, Prof Dr Jauhar Ali Shah, Dean, Faculty of Social Sciences, UOP, Prof Dr Saad Saifur, Ex Dean and Former Government Minister, and Dr Bisharud Hussain, Chairman, Department of Criminology UOP are prominent in first row

Launching Ceremony of PJC, at National Police Academy,
Islamabad (08 May 2009)



About the Conference

The Department of Criminology aims to provide a platform for quality education, research, training, knowledge creation and policy making on important issues pertaining to law enforcement, criminal justice, victim support, rehabilitation of offenders, public safety and rule of law. It has the credit of organizing the 1st National Conference on Criminology in Pakistan entitled "Institutionalizing Criminology in Pakistan: Issues and Challenges" on 26th – 28th December 2018, in which 58 research articles on different criminological issues were presented and which was attended by over 300 participants from different walks of life. The conference organizing committee is pleased to inform you that the Department of Criminology at the University of Peshawar is planning to organize the 2nd National Conference on Criminology as per the given schedule.



Contextualizing Challenges in Criminology and Criminal Justice in Pakistan



4th -6th November 2019

Sub-Themes for the Conference

- Teaching and Research in Criminology and Criminal Justice
- Theorizing Crime and Punishment
- Crime and Development
- Drugs, Crime and Criminal Justice
- Juvenile and Youth Crime in Pakistan
- Changing Patterns in Crime
- Restorative Justice Approaches
- The Future of Borstal Institutions in Pakistan
- Reforms in Juvenile Justice System
- Alternative Dispute Resolution
- Crime and Punishment in Islam
- Reforming Police Service in Pakistan

- Public Safety: Issues and Challenges
- Issues in Access to Justice and its Impact on Common Man
- Prison Regime of Pakistan: Issues and Challenges
- Community Based Rehabilitation (Probation and Parole)
- Reforming Prosecution System of Pakistan
- Victim Support Mechanisms
- Human Rights and Criminology
- Female Criminality
- Criminal Psychology
- Child Rights, Protection and Welfare
- Trans-National Crime & Border Management: Issues and Challenges
- Study of Terrorism and Response to Terrorism
- The Informal Banking System and Money Laundering
- Social Media and Crimes
- NGOs and Crime Prevention
- Crime, Technology and Law
- Application of Technology in Criminal Justice Administration
- Cyber Crime: Agenda for Legal Reforms
- Forensic Criminal Investigation
- Environmental Criminology
- Trafficking in Persons and Smuggling of Migrants

Submission of Abstracts

Please read the guidelines before submitting the abstract:

- All abstracts must be submitted in English
- The maximum word length for the abstract is 300 words
- The abstract title should not exceed 25 words
- The abstract should include a proper title, introduction, research question(s), methodology, theoretical framework, results and conclusions.
- Key Words: Please use 4 – 5 key words that define your abstract
- Please send in a brief biography together with the abstract
- Authors must adhere to the following guidelines for research paper:
 - Name of Author(s) (Maximum two authors per paper)
 - Word Limit: 3000 – 4000 words
 - Font style: New Time Roman
 - Font size: 12
 - Line spacing: single
 - Citation style: APA
 - Margins: 1 inch from each side
 - Paper size: A4
- All conference related correspondence shall be made through the official e-mail of the conference, i.e., criminology@uop.edu.pk



Excursion Trip

An excursion trip to one of the following location shall be arranged.

- Islamia College Peshawar
- Qila Bela Hissar, Peshawar
- Peshawar Old City
- Peshawar Museum
- Any other

Poster Presentation

Arrangements for Poster Presentations shall also be made during the conference. Those

interested are requested to submit the following details for poster presentation;

- E-poster
- Title of poster and the relevant sub-theme
- Name of the presenter(s) (Maximum two presenters per poster)
- Participant affiliation
- Brief bio-data of the presenter(s)

The decision for the Acceptance/Rejection of posters shall be made by a "Posters Review Committee". Those selected are advised to be present at his/her poster display area during the entire session to answer any question(s) (if any) and/or to facilitate any exchange of ideas about the poster concerned.

Conference Services

(For Key Note Speakers/Paper/Poster Presenters only)

- Free accommodation on shared bases within the Peshawar University Guest House. The selected paper or poster presenters are required to inform Conference Secretary about accommodation at the time of submission of research paper/poster.
- Free food (breakfast, lunch, dinner, tea)
- Conference Kit
- Excursion trip within Peshawar

Conference Registration Fee

Paper/Poster Presenters: PKR 2,000/-
Students: PKR 1,000/-

Important Dates

Last date for Abstract/Poster Submission (Maximum 300 words abstract)	31 st August 2019
Confirmation of Abstract/Poster Acceptance	15 th September 2019
Last Date for Submission of Full Paper	2 nd October 2019

Contact Details: Please contact the following for any conference related query.

PROF. DR. BASHARAT HUSSAIN
Chairman, Department of Criminology,
University of Peshawar.
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DR. MUHAMMAD IBRAR
Assistant Professor, Department of Social Work,
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Organized by
Department of Criminology
University of Peshawar Contact: 091-9221012
Email: criminology@uop.edu.pk

Venue of the Conference
Sir Sahibzada Abdul Qayyum
Museum of Archaeology and Ethnology,
University of Peshawar





The Doha Declaration:
PROMOTING A CULTURE
OF LAWFULNESS



كلية القانون
College of Law
QATAR UNIVERSITY

19th World Congress of Criminology

Doha, Qatar

October 27 (arrival)-31 (departure), 2019

<http://intercrim.com/2019congress>

The **THEME OF THE XIX CONGRESS** is: Science, Technology and Teaching in Criminology:

Researching, Investigating and Preventing Crime. An emphasis on teaching and/or educating on rule of law matters is encouraged. However, presentations on any topic related to criminology, victimology, criminal justice, forensic science, crime investigation and prevention, are welcome.

Deadline for proposals: AUGUST 15, 2019.

For details on the 19th Congress please go to:

intercrim.com/2019congress

Contact: contact@intercrim.com

The **INTERNATIONAL ANNALS OF CRIMINOLOGY** is the official refereed journal of the International Society of Criminology published for over 50 years, now by Cambridge University Press. **Papers invited.** For guidelines, see: <https://www.cambridge.org/core/journals/international-annals-of-criminology/information/instructions-contributors>

CONTACT: iscpublish@gmail.com

For ISC Membership: <https://intercrim.com/membership>

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CONTENTS		
S.No.	Title	Page No.
	Editorial: The Decade of Criminology	i-v
1.	Offenders or Victims? Convenient Self-portraits of White-Collar Criminals in their Autobiographies <i>Petter Gottschalk</i>	1-14
2.	Determinants of Immigrant Women's Confidence in the Police <i>Prit Kaur</i>	15-32
3.	Psycho-Socio-Cultural and Personal Attributes of Murderers in Punjab, Pakistan <i>Adnan Adil & Qurratulain</i>	33-50
4.	Impact of Threat of Terrorist Attack on Social Interaction Anxiety and Death Anxiety among Young Adults <i>Iram Batoool, Fatima Zulfiqar & Rugia Safdar Bajwa</i>	51-62
5.	Content Analysis of Crime Reporting in Print Media: Evidence from Pakistan <i>Ikram Shah, Noor Elahi & Marryam Saeed</i>	63-82
6.	Electronic Crimes, Internet and Violence: Jama'at-e-Islami and the Progressive Civil Society of Pakistan <i>Sajjad Hussain, Muhammad Ayub Jan, Wajid Mehmood & Muhammad Irfan Mahsud</i>	83-94
7.	Sociolinguistic Construction of Women's Identity by Solicitors in Murder Trial Arbitration <i>Iram Amjad, Muhammad Shaban Rafi</i>	95-106
8.	Baluchistan Child Protection Act, 2016: What have we Learnt from Child Protection Legislation in Pakistan Since 2004? <i>Tahira Jabeen</i>	107-119
9.	Understanding Pakhtun Hujra (A Socio-Cultural Institute) and its Relevance to Peace building <i>Nizar Ahmad & Niaz Muhammad</i>	120-132
10.	A Qualitative Analysis of Social Exclusion and Harassment faced by Pakistani Female Doctoral Students in Malaysian Public Universities <i>Syed Faisal Hyder Shah, Shabana Sartaj & Irfan Ahmed Shaikh</i>	133-143

Editorial: The Decade of Criminology

It was the 29th senior Officers Seminar on crime prevention at UNAFEI, Japan in 2005. Dr. Fasihuddin had no clue that this night was going to change his entire outlook, and that he was about to embark on a journey of great value. As Robert Frost writes, “Two roads diverged in the woods, and I travelled the one less travelled by, and that has made all the difference.” Indeed Dr. Fasihuddin traced a path that would decide the course of the coming decade.

It was soon followed by his participation in the 14th World Congress of Criminology of ISC, at the University of Pennsylvania, USA. Sitting in his chair in the magnificent hall, Dr. Fasihuddin was in awe as national societies were being represented with their flags hoisted at this grand stage, but like an arrow to the heart, he was disappointed that the green and white colours of his country’s flag were not insight. During this conference, Dr. Fasihuddin interacted with many criminologists (mostly former practitioners) and developed a taste for institutional criminology. Being an academic himself, Dr. Fasihuddin realized the need and importance of this discipline; but to his dismay, there was no national level representation. He decided to bring academics and practitioners together on a forum for connectivity and collaboration; a forum of sharing knowledge and experiences with one another, so that crime management was better planned out and more effectively performed with the aid of evidence based policies. Like Martin Luther King Jr., Dr. Fasihuddin dreamt of an idealistic dream; a society free of crime, where crime management will be so successful so that crime would be forced to crawl into the darkest dungeons. Even though Dr. Fasihuddin knew that this could realistically never happen, he deemed it important for some necessary steps to be taken to try to reduce crime, and he saw this potential in criminology as a discipline and as a mission.

Dr. Fasihuddin saw that there were no NGOs or societies working towards this goal. Though there were a few NGOs working for the rights of women and children on a small scale, there were none working for crime reduction. Pakistan lacked practitioners and academics that would spare their time and contribute their efforts for the betterment of the society. To

ii Editorial

get a better idea of the situation, imagine a city in a desert; it needs water to survive and there are plenty of underground water reservoirs, but with no mechanisms to tap them. Similarly, Dr. Fasihuddin saw the availability of data in the shape of crime reports, police reports, and statistical data available, but no modern techniques or research papers were available to shed light onto a new management approach to crime and deviance.

Attending UNEFAI in 2005, Dr. Fasihuddin was inspired by the lectures of Sir Anthony Bottom (a professor in Sheffield and Cambridge, UK); Prof. Hans-J. Kerner (the then President of European Society of Criminology) and Prof. Irvin Waller (Canada). The path was clear, his thoughts were aligned, and not long after he wrote his first book “*Expanding Criminology to Pakistan* “. This was the first step up the stairs of a national movement. Embarking upon a criminological renaissance on a large scale with full institutionalization, Dr. Fasihuddin took to the habit of writing to international scholars and keeping himself up to date. It was then that he found help in the international community and especially with the academic and intellectual support of Prof. Chris E. Eskridge of the American Society of Criminology, Prof. Julia C. Davidson of UK and Prof. Gary Cordner (USA), Dr. Fasihuddin was able to reprint “*Expanding Criminology to Pakistan*“ in 2008.

In the following year, in light of the same principles and ideals Dr. Fasihuddin wrote the constitution of the Pakistan Society of Criminology, and got it registered with the Social Welfare Department, Government of N.W.F.P (now KP Province). People are always resistant to change; this inertia of the mind-set can be said to have huge implications on the smooth functioning of institutions, and the scenario was no different in his case. Above all, man does not want to be held accountable, and has a tendency to move away from the thought of sharing responsibility. Hence, Dr. Fasihuddin stood alone in the spotlight on the stage and the nation his audience. To complete the registration of the society, he enrolled relatives as members. In spite of scarcity of funds, the society managed to set up a humble website. This website was used as a podium for sharing experiences, books, and booklets relating to criminology and criminological research and news and views from international societies and forums of criminology and policing. Part of the awareness campaigns

included writing emails to like-minded people, keeping them up to date with the latest developments in the field.

To introduce criminology and policing sciences, the society succeeded in getting out its first publication in April 2009 as *Pakistan Journal of Criminology*. Some ideas are just simple and creative, and so Dr. Fasihuddin thought of organizing a launching ceremony for the journal, to create a bigger buzz in the press. The first inauguration ceremony was held at the National Police Academy in Islamabad, thanks to the then Commandant. A befitting place for the journal to be seen by the masses it was directed towards. Subsequently, this one time, unorthodox reveal of a journal turned into a habit, each time attracting more and more people. The attendance of the Swedish Ambassador, Her Excellency Mrs. Ulrika Sundberg in the second launch ceremony was evident of that very fact. It can be safely said that all these endeavours had created the first ripple in still waters and the ripple effect was bound to reach other people. Dr. Fasihuddin accelerated this effect by sharing photos, writing in the press and informing the public of the activities of the society. These efforts did not go unnoticed and every now and then, the society received appreciation letters from judges, police officers, army generals, government officials and other high ranking personalities. Dr. Fasihuddin used these letters to create a likeness for the journal, and gave birth to a sense of inclusion and participation by publishing these in the journal. We must not overlook the fact that Dr. Fasihuddin sent journals to international scholars through courier services and paid for the delivery from his own pocket. Even today, the journal is sent to almost all ambassadors and senior officers. This was another method of propagation that came in handy.

The happiness you feel when you first skip a rock is unimaginable. The first time Dr. Fasihuddin experienced that skip was in 2012, when the journal was registered with the Higher Education Commission of Pakistan, in the Y-category. This gave the society the push it needed to pass through the door of progress. With this recognition, articles started to flood in the society's inbox. Although the intentions behind this were usually to satisfy the need for publication in a Y-category journal for a promotion, but it was still a mammoth leap and a great breakthrough. As the hour hand ticked and the second hand raced, the seasons changed and with the passage of time,

Pakistan Society of Criminology got its independent website, the launching ceremonies subsided, the mailing of journals minimized, and all the articles being written and edited by a single person was no longer the case.

Enter disaster; one faithful day, in the blink of an eye, Dr. Fasihuddin was transferred and posted to Balochistan out of his home town, Peshawar. Professionally, he was in turmoil; hard cold days seemed never to pass, living each second in slow motion. It seemed that without the cement that Dr. Fasihuddin was, the building of criminology would kiss the ground forever, but every story is incomplete without the help that arrives unexpectedly. This help disguised itself in the form of numerous people; the support of scholars and police officers (from 2012-2015) notably the support of Syed Akhtar Ali Shah, the then Additional Inspector General of Police and Home Secretary, Dr. Khola Irum, a human rights activist and a senior consultant in the GIZ, Prof. Gary Cordner (USA) and Prof. Gwyneth Boswell (UK). One can't forget the generous contribution of Prof. James F. Albrecht (USA), Prof. Peter Gottschalk (Norway), Prof. Kam C. Wong (USA), Prof. Geoff Dean (Australia), Prof. Julia C. Davidson (UK) and Mr. Jawadullah Khan (2009-2012). Police officers are too busy to read and write. However, Dr. Syed Kalim Imam (the present Inspector General of Police, Sindh Province) is a glaring exception with many laurels in his cap. His support was always very encouraging and timely. Even the international community chipped in wholeheartedly, with an iris to offer, particularly Prof. Chris W. Eskridge (USA), Prof. Jianming Mei (China), and the lifeguards from the Australian National University Prof. Peter Grabosky, Prof. Rod Broadhurst, Prof. Gabriele Bammer, Prof. John Braithwaite, Prof. Curtis Clarke (Canada), Prof. Friedrich Losel (UK), Dr. Mustafa Ozgular (Turkey), Prof. David Ted Johnson (USA), Prof. David Weisburd (USA), Prof. Emilio Viano (USA), Dr. Maria (Maki) Haberfeld (USA), and Dr. Paul Petzschmann (Norway). It is believed that behind every great man is a woman, and standing by her husband at all times was Sabah Fasih, like a lighthouse in the storm, unstirred and resilient. A mother's words are said to make things better, and Dr. Fasihuddin is very thankful to his mother, Subhaniya, now an old lady of 85 and his mother-in-law Zahida Hidayat, 72, for being rays of comfort in these hard times. During the hailstorm in Dr. Fasihuddin's life a few constant visitors made

the situation a little bearing, and who provided their support in all his ventures; Prof. Dr. Sami Raza, Prof. Ziaullah, Prof. Farhatullah and Dr. Imran Ahmad Sajid.

And so, the winter of Rumi passed away, and a spring came at dawn. Dr. Fasihuddin's troubles and hardships vanished like smoke from chimneys in 2015. With Dr. Fasihuddin now behind the wheel again, the society succeeded as a subject in the new syllabus of the most prestigious Central Superior Services (CSS) competitive examination in the country that same year. He received a letter of appreciation from the Chairman of the Federal Public Service Commission (FPSC), Pakistan. Meanwhile a member of the editorial board, Dr. Qibla Ayaz, the then Vice Chancellor of the Peshawar University and now the Chairman of the Council of Islamic Ideology of Pakistan, introduced criminology in the University of Peshawar and similarly Prof. Jauhar Ali Shah, the then Vice Chancellor of Malakand University and his colleague Prof. Falak Naz continued to support the society and its journal as well.

The seeds sown years ago finally sprouted, and I believe it was worth the wait, and as I write this, I feel the weight of the years upon me. I was a child then and now, an adult. My father deprived his kids of the opportunity to interact with him during those initial years because of the mountain of work, but it was all for the bigger picture and the greater good, and I am proud to be his son. He is our father but as his colleagues say, "*He is no doubt the 'Father of Criminology in Pakistan'*". As I conclude this tale, keep in mind what this story was really about. This story was that of a goldsmith making a crown. The crown would not have been if not for Dr. Fasihuddin – the goldsmith; it would not have come together without the gold – the family, and it would not have been magnificent without the jewels – the help. You see, this story was a transformation from a one man show to a collaboration of wills. What is in front of you today would not have been possible without the sacrifices, the blood, and the sweat that we now call the "*Decade of Criminology*".

Dated: 28th July, 2019

Muhammad Dawood Khan,
Aitchison College, Lahore